WEST Search History

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DATE: Wednesday, May 19, 2004

Hide?	Hide? Set Name Query Hit									
	DB=US	PT;	THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ							
	L5	L3	and recombinant adj antigen	63						
	L4	L3	and RIBA adj 3	0						
	L3	L1	and Chiron	154						
	L2	L1	and ELISA 3.0	0						
	L1	Imr	nunoassay and HCV	542						

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

```
=> "solid phase"
L1 125518 "SOLID PHASE"
=> Immunoassay
L2 128306 IMMUNOASSAY
=> ELISA
L3 132860 ELISA
=> L1 and L2
         7941 L1 AND L2
=> L1 and 13
L5 4087 L1 AND L3
=> HCV (w) antigen
          451 HCV (W) ANTIGEN
=> conjugated
L7 122341 CONJUGATED
=> L6 and L7
          10 L6 AND L7
=> L6 and L4
L9 10 L6 AND L4
=> L6 and L5
            0 L6 AND L5
=> coated (s) antigen (w) particle
L11 8 COATED (S) ANTIGEN (W) PARTICLE
=> HCV and L11
        0 HCV AND L11
=> L1 and L6
      17 L1 AND L6
=> "polystyrene latex "
       4872 "POLYSTYRENE LATEX "
=> L14 and L6
      1 L14 AND L6
=> "copolymer latex"
      6182 "COPOLYMER LATEX"
=> L6 and L16
     0 L6 AND L16
=> erythrocyte and L6
L18
           3 ERYTHROCYTE AND L6
=> gelatine (w) particle
           3 GELATINE (W) PARTICLE
=> L3 and L6
L20
          79 L3 AND L6
=> L19 and L6
          0 L19 AND L6
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=> L20 and HCV

L22 79 L20 AND HCV

=> L22 and L16

L23 0 L22 AND L16

=> BSA and L22

L24 0 BSA AND L22

=> ovalbumin and L22

L25 0 OVALBUMIN AND L22

=> hemocyanin and 13

L26 951 HEMOCYANIN AND L3

=> L26 and L6

L27 0 L26 AND L6

L18 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:293595 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

120:293595

TITLE:

Thio group-containing antigen or peptide treated with

reducing agent for antibody determination

INVENTOR (S):

Takei, Toshinori; Inoe, Juzo; Asahina, Aki; Tokita,

Susumu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Dainabot Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06074956	A2	19940318	JP 1992-270684	19920828
JP 3225468	B2	20011105		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1992-270684 19920828

A reducing agent is used for preventing oxidation of (immobilized) thio group-containing antigen or peptide. The (immobilized) thio group-containing antigen or peptide is used as a test reagent for antibody determination In a sep.

experiment, erythrocyte-immobilized hepatitis C virus (HCV) antigen was treated with DTT, 2-mercaptoethanol, or glutathione and used for determining antibody to HCV core antigen, NS3, or NS4 protein, resp.

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:326511 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:8459

TITLE:

Reagent for assaying antibody against reduced antigen of hepatitis C virus and method of assaying therewith

Inoue, Yuzo; Takei, Toshinori; Tokita, Susumu Dainabot Co., Ltd., Japan INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----_____ -----WO 9606355 A1 19960229 WO 1995-JP1634 19950817

W: CA, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE JP 08062219 A2 19960308 JP 1994-216781 19940819 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1994-216781 19940819

A method of assaying an antibody which reacts immunol. with hepatitis C virus (HCV) antigen in a specimen, wherein an anti-reduced HCV antibody, especially an antibody against 33C antigen, is assayed more accurately with a high sensitivity. As the antigen, use is made of at least a protein antigen coded in the NS3 domain of the HCV genome or a peptide having the activity substantially equivalent to that of the above antigen, and the antigen has been so converted or preserved as to substantially hold the form of a reduced NS3-related antigen. Examples of the treatment for the conversion and preservation include preservation of the NS3-related antigen in a dried state or in an inert gas atmospheric or

in

the presence of a deoxygenating agent, modification of the thiol group with a reagent for protecting or modifying the same, modification of the cysteine residue by genetic recombination techniques, such as site-directed mutagenesis, to prepare a variant recombinant NS3-related antigen, preservation of the antigen in the presence of an antioxidant till just before the use thereof, treatment of the antigen with an enzyme capable of cleaving the disulfide bond (-S-S-) into thiol groups, and treatment of the antigen with a substance having a substrate affinity for the cysteine residue. In example, glutathion, dithiothreitol, and 2-mercaptoethanol were used to preserve HCV 33C or core or C100 antigen-sensitized human erythrocyte for detecting antibodies in blood serum of HCV infected patients.

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:743751 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:47287

TITLE: C type hepatitis virus disease diagnostic agent

INVENTOR(S): Takahama, Yoichi; Shiraishi, Junichi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toa Medical Electronics Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09297141	A2	19971118	JP 1996-112442	19960507
US 6379886	B1	20020430	US 1997-850328	19970502
EP 806669	A2	19971112	EP 1997-107368	19970505
EP 806669	A3	19971126		
EP 806669	B1	20020410		
R: BE, DE,	FR, GB	, IT		
CN 1170875	Α	19980121	CN 1997-109798	19970506
US 2002081630	A1	20020627	US 2001-28172	20011221
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		JP 1996-112442 A	19960507
			US 1997-850328 A1	19970502

AB Hepatitis C virus antigen or carrier protein conjugate is coated on a solid support and used for detecting anti-hepatitis C virus antibody and for diagnosing HCV infection. The HCV antigen is core antigen, NS3 antigen, NS4 antigen, or NS5 antigen, and the carrier protein is bovine serum albumin, egg white albumin or hemocyanin.

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:743751 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:47287

TITLE: C type hepatitis virus disease diagnostic agent

INVENTOR(S): Takahama, Yoichi; Shiraishi, Junichi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toa Medical Electronics Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
JP 09297141	A2	19971118	JP 1996-112442 19960507
US 6379886	B1	20020430	US 1997-850328 19970502
EP 806669	A2	19971112	EP 1997-107368 19970505
EP 806669	A3	19971126	
EP 806669	B1	20020410	
R: BE, DE,	FR, GB	, IT	
CN 1170875	Α	19980121	CN 1997-109798 19970506
US 2002081630	A 1	20020627	US 2001-28172 20011221
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	. :		JP 1996-112442 A 19960507
			US 1997-850328 A1 19970502

AB Hepatitis C virus antigen or carrier protein conjugate is coated on a solid support and used for detecting anti-hepatitis C virus antibody and for diagnosing HCV infection. The HCV antigen is core antigen, NS3 antigen, NS4 antigen, or NS5 antigen, and the carrier protein is bovine serum albumin, egg white albumin or hemocyanin.

L13 ANSWER 12 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1992:5185 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

116:5185

TITLE:

Peptides and their use in detecting antibodies to

hepatitis C virus (HCV)

INVENTOR (S):

Arima, Terukatsu; Namba, Toshihiko; Tsuji, Masao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Kuraray Co., Ltd., Japan Eur. Pat. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. D	ATE
EP 445801	A2	19910911	EP 1991-103471 1	9910307
EP 445801	A3	19920701		
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE,	ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE
JP 05262792	A2	19931012	JP 1991-68007 19	9910307
JP 3241057	B2	20011225		
JP 2002167395	A2	20020611	JP 2001-262321 19	9910307
JP 2003064098	A2	20030305	JP 2002-180856 19	9910307
US 5247067	Α	19930921	US 1991-666719 19	9910308
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	. :		JP 1990-58700 A 19	9900308
			JP 1990-67439 A 19	9900316
			JP 1990-80100 A 19	9900327
			JP 1990-296899 A 19	9901031
			JP 1991-68007 A3 19	9910307
			JP 2001-262321 A3 19	9910307

AΒ Peptides binding antibodies specific to HCV antigen are presented. These peptides are useful for anti-HCV antibody assays. Peptide Lys-Asp-Arg-Thr-Gln-Gln-Arg-Lys-Thr-Lys-Arg-Ser-Thr-Asn-Arg-Arg-Arg-Ser-Lys-Asn-Gly-Lys-Lys-Lys-Lys, prepared by solidphase synthesis method, was used in an enzyme immunoassay of antibodies to HCV in blood serum samples.

L13 ANSWER 11 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:21470 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:21470

TITLE: Synthetic peptide and reagent for analysis of HCV

(hepatitis C virus) antibodies using the same

INVENTOR(S): Hayashi, Nakanobu; Hashimoto, Masakatsu

Shima Kenkyusho Y. K., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

specificity.

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ~-~-------------JP 1989-329746 19891221 JP 03190898 A2 19910820 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1989-329746 19891221 A peptide having the common antigen determinant with HCV virus, i.e. H-Ile-Ile-Pro-Asp-Arg-Glu-Val-Leu-Tyr-Arg-Glu-Phe-Asp-Glu-Met-Glu-Glu-Cys-Ser-Gln-His-Leu-Pro-Tyr-Ile-Glu-Gln-Gly-Met-Met-Leu-Ala-Glu-Gln-Phe-Lys-Gln-Lys-Ala-Leu-Gly-Leu-OH (I), is prepared by the solid phase method on Fmoc- or BOC-Leu-bound resin (Fmoc = 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl, BOC = Me3CO2C) using Fmoc-protected amino acids. A reagent for analyzing HCV antibodies by the latex agglutination turbidimetry or light scattering photometry comprises (A), a solid reagent (i.e. I immobilized through phys. absorption or chemical through spacers on a solid support such as a microtiter reaction plate, beads, a sheet, a porous membrane, or magnetic latex, more preferably (high-d.) latex particles, immobilized erythrocyte, gelatin particles, or immobilized bacteria) and (B) human globulin antibodies (e.g. human IgG or anti-human IgM) labeled with a radioisotope, enzyme, biotin, fluorescent dye, or Eu chelate or (C) a similarly labeled I. I of high purity can be prepared in large quantity at lower cost than the conventional HCV-derived antigen and is easily immobilized on the support and the immobilized I shows good

reaction with the HCV antibodies of HCV patients with high sensitivity and

L13 ANSWER 10 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:214922 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

116:214922

TITLE:

Preparation of peptides and their use for

determination of antibodies specific to hepatitis

non-A/non-B virus-related antigens

INVENTOR(S):

Arima, Terumasa; Yamada, Kiyoko; Hatanaka, Tadashi; Nanba, Toshihiko; Tsuji, Masao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kuraray Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE A2 19911216 JP 1990-055566
JP 1990-85566 _____ ____ JP 1990-85566 19900329 JP 03284696

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19900329 H-Glu-Gln-Asp-Gln-Ile-Lys-Thr-Lys-Asp-Arg-Thr-Gln-Gln-Arg-Lys-Thr-Lys-Arg-Ser-Thr-Asn-Arg-Arg-Arg-Ser-Lys-Asn-Glu-Lys-Lys-Lys-Lys-OH (I) or its peptide fragments having Lys-Arg-Ser-Thr-Asn (II) which specifically bind to antibodies against hepatitis non-A/non-B virus-related antigens (HCV antigens), are prepared as reagents for determination of anti-HCV antibodies with high sensitivity. Thus, I was prepared by the solid phase method on a BOC-Lys(Cl-Z)-bound resin (Cl-Z = f-ceC6H4CH2O2C) using a peptide synthesizer model 431A (Applied Biosystems, Inc.). An enzyme immunoassay using I and 2 other peptides having the fragment II identified 93.3-96.7% the presence of anti-HCV antibodies in 30 serum samples vs. 20% when peptides without the fragment II were used.

L13 ANSWER 7 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:640742 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:50993

Synthetic peptides as additional agents for detecting TITLE:

antibodies to hepatitis C virus

Semiletov, Yu. A.; Firsova, T. V.; Kruglov, I. V.; AUTHOR (S):

Alekseenkova, T. I.; Petrakova, N. V.; Kalinina, T.

I.; Shebnev, V. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Inst. Virusol. im. Ivanovskogo, RAMN, Moscow, Russia

Voprosy Virusologii (1998), 43(3), 107-109

CODEN: VVIRAT; ISSN: 0507-4088

Meditsina PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

Peptide fragments of hepatitis C virus (HCV) nonstructural protein NS4 capable of reacting with anti-HCV in enzyme immunoassay were synthesized.

Addition of synthetic peptides to recombinant nucleocapsid HCV

antigen adsorbed on solid phase notably

improved the efficacy of detection of antibodies to HCV in the sera of patients with hepatitis C.

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1997:282632 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:329228

TITLE:

Human monoclonal recombinant Fabs specific for

HCV antigens obtained by repertoire

cloning in phage display combinatorial vectors AUTHOR(S):

Plaisant, P.; Burioni, R.; Manzin, A.; Solforosi, L.; Candela, M.; Gabrielli, A.; Fadda, G.; Clementi, M.

Instituto di Microbiologia, Facolta di Medicina, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore, Rome, 00168,

Italy

SOURCE: Research in Virology (1997), 148(2), 165-169

CODEN: RESVEY; ISSN: 0923-2516

Elsevier PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Mol. cloning of the antibody repertoire in phage display combinatorial vectors is a powerful method enabling the dissection of the immune response against a given pathogen. Here, the authors describe the construction of a combinatorial library displayed on phage surface, containing the antibody repertoire of a patient with high serol. response against hepatitis C virus (HCV) antigens. Following selection of the library against solid-phase-bound antigen, 16 human antibody Fab fragments able to bind to HCV-specific antigens were generated and studied for binding characteristics. The majority of them appeared to have specificity for the HCV c33 peptide. All the clones

reacting with the c33 peptide shared the same heavy-chain CDR3 sequence. This is the first report of mol. cloning in a combinatorial phage display vector of the antibody repertoire of an anti-HCV-pos. patient.

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:447345 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:47345

Hepatitis C virus (HCV) assay and kit using TITLE:

HCV antigen epitope-containing

polypeptides

INVENTOR(S): Lesniewski, Richard R.; Leung, Tat K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	KII	ND.	DATE				API	PLIC	CATIO	ои ис). 	DATE					
	9306	247		A	1	1993	0401							3	1992	0916	
	W: RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GE	3, (SR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	SE
AU	9226	794		A:	1	1993	0427			ΑU	199	92-2	6794		1992	0916	
JР	0651	0861		T	2	1994	1201			JР	199	92-5	06183	3	1992	0916	
EP	6426	66		A.	1	1995	0315			ΕP	199	92-93	2085	3	1992	0916	
ED	6426	66		B	1	2000	0412										
	R:	ΔT.	BE.	CH.	DE.	DK.	ES.	FR.	GE	3, 0	∃R,	IT,	LI,	NL	, SE		
απ	1917	92	,	E.		2000	0415			ÁТ	199	92-9	2085	3	1992	0916	
ES	2145	746		т:	3	2000	0716			ES	199	92-9	2085	3	1992	0916	
JP	3219	409		B	2	2001	1015			JΡ	199	93-5	06183	3	1992	0916	
US	6596	476		В.	1	2003	0722			US	199	7-9	05054	1	1997	0801	
PRIORIT															1991		
11010101				- •					US	198	39-4	561	62	В2	1989	1222	
															1990		
															1992		
															1994		
									US	199	95-3	3739	20	В1	1995	0117	
															1995		
									US	199	96-7	7073	55	В1	1996	0904	
3.5 ***					~~.		4	0011									

AB HCV antigen epitope-containing polypeptides are used in assays (combination assays, confirmatory assays, immunodot assays, and competition assays) for identifying the presence of HCV antibodies in a fluid sample. An immunoassay kit comprises such a polypeptide, sample preparation reagent(s), and detection and signal-producing reagent(s). Peptide p1684 (HCV 1684-1750), GRVVLSGKPAIIPDREVLYREFDEMEECSQHLPYIEQGMMLAEQFKQKALG LLQTASRQAEVIAPAV, was synthesized by solid phase method on a phenylacetamidomethyl resin, and used in an immunodot assay along with some other HCV polypeptides to detect antiHCV antibodies in human blood serum samples.

L13 ANSWER 6 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1999:231556 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:251206

TITLE:

Chemiluminescent immunoassay for detecting antibodies

to HCV

Chien, David Y.; Arcangel, Phillip; Tirell, Stephen; INVENTOR (S):

Ziegler, Wanda

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Chiron Corporation, USA PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE							APPLICATION NO. DATE											
– - WC	9915	 898		A	 1	1999	0401						19980922					
															CN,			DE,
		DK.	EE.	ES.	FI.	GB.	GD.	GE.	GH	, G	M.	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,
		KG.	KP.	KR.	KZ.	LC.	LK.	LR.	LS	Ĺ	T.	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,
		MX.	NO.	NZ.	PL.	PT.	RO.	RU.	SD	. s	E.	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,
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	₽W•														CY,			
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ות זיכו	1021	<i>712</i>		7\	1	2000	0726			ED	19	98-9	1839	8	1998	0922		
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	к:			CII,	DE,	DK,	, OH	ric,	OD	, –	,,,	,	шт,	шо,	1111,	22,	,	,
	2001	IE,		m·	2	2001	1000			GT.	201	00-5	1311	5	1998	0922		
							0521								1998			
	6391													_	2001			
	2001						1108			US	20	01-7	1550	4	2001	0202		
	6537					2003							- 4 4 -	_	2002	0100		
	2003				1	2003	0911								2003			
PRIORI	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :								5970		_	1997			
												8392			1998			
															1998			
											_				1998			
									US	200	1-1	7759	62	A1	2001	0202		

The authors disclose to assays for detecting antibodies (e.g., to AB hepatitis C virus) in a sample in a single incubation step. The assays employ universal solid phases and/or universal detectable markers, and facilitate the detection and differentiation of antigens from the same source or from different sources in a single test sample. In an example, rat anti-human IgG antibodies, immobilized on paramagnetic microparticles, are used to capture antibodies capable of reacting with a fusion protein of synthetic HCV antigen MEFA-6 and superoxide dismutase. Chemiluminescent detection of captured antibodies is measured using anti-SOD antibodies conjugated with di-Me acridinium ester. The present invention includes test kits for performing the methods according to the invention.

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:628723 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:279822

TITLE: Laser-time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy in

immunoassays

AUTHOR(S): Pan, Lihua; Du, Jixian; Xie, Wenbing; Du, Qingyang;

Yun, Qin

CORPORATE SOURCE: National Analytical Research Center of Eletrochemistry

and Spectroscopy, Changchun Institute of Applied Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Changchun,

130022, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Guangpuxue Yu Guangpu Fenxi (2000), 20(3), 277-279

CODEN: GYGFED; ISSN: 1000-0593

PUBLISHER: Beijing Daxue Chubanshe

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Chinese

This paper described a laser-excited time-resolved fluoroimmunoassay set. It made lanthanide ion to couple the anhydrde of diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid (DTPAA) for labeling antibodies. The experiment used polystyrene tap coated with HCV antigen as the solid phase and a chelate of the rare earth metal europium as fluorescent label. A nitrogen laser beam was used to excite the Eu3+ chelates and after $60\mu s$ delay time, the emission fluorescence was measured. Background fluorescence of short lifetimes caused by serum components and Raman scattering can be eliminated by set the delay time. In the system condition, fluorescent spectra and fluorescent lifetimes of Eu3+ β -naphthoyltrifluroacetone (NTA) chelates were measured. The fluorescent lifetime value is $650~\mu s$. The maximum emission wavelength is 613 nm. The linear range of europium ion concentration is 1x10-7- 1X10-11 $g \cdot mL-1$ and the detection limit is $1x10-1g \cdot mL-1$. The relative standard deviation of determination (n= 12) for samples at 0.01 ng·mL-1 magnitude is 6.4%. Laser-TRFIA was also found to be suitable for diagnosis of HCV. The sensitivity and specificity were comparable to enzyme immunoassay. The result was obtained with

laser-TRFIA for 29 human correlated well with enzyme immunoassay.

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:23040 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:88633

TITLE:

Methods for the simultaneous detection of HCV

antigens and HCV antibodies

INVENTOR (S):

Shah, Dinesh O.; Dawson, George A.; Muerhoff, A.

Scott; Jiang, Lily; Gutierrez, Robin A.; Leary, Thomas

WO 2002-US19958 W 20020624

P.; Desai, Suresh; Stewart, James L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Abbott Laboratories, USA PCT Int. Appl., 92 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAC	KIN	ID	DATE			Į	APPL	ICAT	I NOI	10.	DATE						
									-								
WO	2003	00274	19	AZ	A2 20030109 WO 2002-US19958						958	20020624					
WO	2003002749			A3	}	2003	0710										
		CA,															
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	, FR	, GB	, GR	, IE	IT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,
			SE,														
US	2003	1088	58	A.	L	2003	0612		Ţ	JS 2	001-	8919	33	2001	0626		
US	2003	1529	18	A:	L	2003	0814		τ	JS 2	002-	1734	30	2002	0617		
US	6727	092		B2	2	2004	0427										
EP	1412	538		A2	2	2004	0428		I	EP 2	002-	74664	17	2002	0624		
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	, GR	, IT	, LI	, LU	, NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	FI,	CY,	TR												
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :				1	US 2	2001	-891	983	Α	2001	0626		
								Ī	US 2	2002	-173	480	Α	2002	0617		

The subject invention relates to methods for the simultaneous detection of Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) antigens as well as antibodies produced in response to HCV antigens. Furthermore, the subject invention allows one to detect antigens in the early, acute stage of infection, even prior to the development of antibodies, thereby allowing for early detection of infected blood and blood products, thus improving the safety of the blood supply.

=> "HCV diagnosis"

L1 49 "HCV DIAGNOSIS"

=> "HCV detection"

L2 129 "HCV DETECTION"

=> ELISA and L1

L3 6 ELISA AND L1

=> ELISA and L2

L4 16 ELISA AND L2

=> solid and L2

L5 4 SOLID AND L2

=> solid and L1

L6 0 SOLID AND L1

=> "synthistic antigen" and L1

L7 0 "SYNTHISTIC ANTIGEN" AND L1

=> synthetic (w) antigen and L2

L8 0 SYNTHETIC (W) ANTIGEN AND L2

=> carrier and l1

L9 1 CARRIER AND L1

=> carrier and L2

L10 2 CARRIER AND L2

=> D L10 IBIB ABS 1-2